# Why should you be using Segments in GA?

### **AVERAGE DATA = AVERAGE INSIGHTS**

Looking at all of your Google Analytics data at once sucks like a sour lemon. If you don't segment the data, you'll never find the good, the bad, or the wonderful. Plus, we all know that your customers take different journeys on your awesome website, so you want to know how your marketing channels perform, how to find your best customers, as well as how to enhance channels and help customers that are struggling.



# Why should you get excited about Segments?

Well, simply put, you want to segment your data to find your best performing and worst performing customers.



### **BEST**

Who are your best users? Low Cost & High Return on Investment (ROI)

### **WORST**

Who are the worst users? High Cost & Low Return on Investment (ROI)



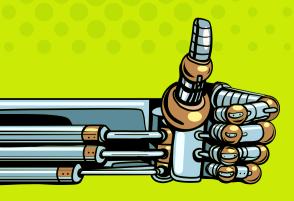
# You also want answers to your questions.

For example. How did my last campaign do? Show me all the users from New York. Show all my traffic from Organic Search etc.

# What are the Pros & Cons of Segments?

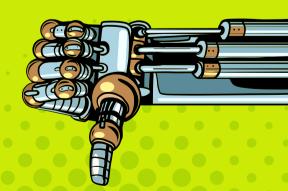
### **PROS**

- You can share them
- They can be applied to historical data
- You can layer multiple segments onto your reports
- You can build remarketing lists with them
- You move away from ALL of the data, and start to see some insight
- FYI as a Google Analytics user you can have 1000 segments and apply 100 to each view, but no more than 4 applied to a report at one time



## CONS

- You can only apply 4 to each report!
- They can be subject to sampling
- You can build a segment for users or sessions it's easy to confuse one for the other, and then make poor decisions
- If you select users, there's a 90 day time frame where you can look back on data
- System segments are a mix of sessions and users so you need to check before you apply (we have created a handy guide for this so don't worry!)



# USERS SESSION

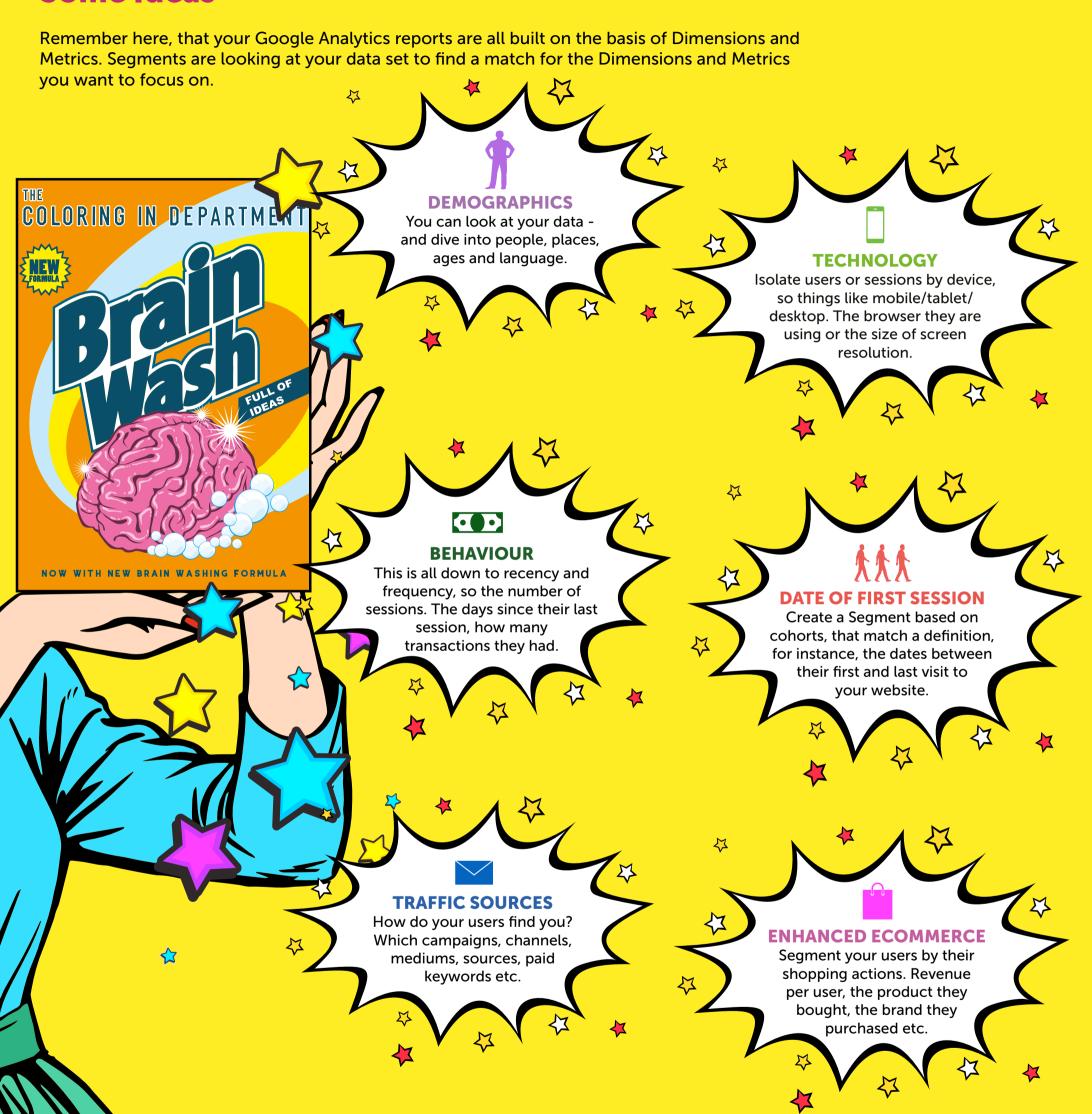


The case for Segments is a no brainer. However, you really need to know how Google Analytics works when it comes to Segmentation so you don't get the wrong end of the data-insights-stick.

First thing, you have a user - which refers to someone who has visited your website. Secondly, you have **Sessions** - which count how many times your user visited. Thirdly, you have **Interactions** - which are when a user visits your website and is recorded as a session. Anything they interact with on the website will be recorded as a hit. Something will fire in the code to say, for example, a page was loaded, or a video was watched.

This is important to remember because your Segments will have either a *user* or *session* scope and that will impact the results. They are not all created or applied equally.

# **Some Ideas**



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